

## Industry Recovery Ahead of Pace

August 12, 2011 / By Steve Rushmore



Each year I give a state of the U.S. hotel industry presentation at the NYU Hotel Investment Conference. My perspective focuses on values, transactions and capitalization rates. My column this month provides highlights of the assessment.

### Hotel Values

HVS tracks the value of a typical hotel in the U.S. through our Hotel Valuation Index (HVI).

The following table shows the value per room plus the percent change in value from the year 2000 projected out to 2015.

VALUE TREND TYPICAL U.S. HOTEL								
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Value Per Room	\$67,000	\$51,000	\$51,000	\$51,000	\$65,000	\$82,000	\$99,000	\$95,000
Percent Change	13%	-24%	0%	0%	27%	26%	21%	-4%
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Value Per Room	\$81,000	\$56,000	\$65,000	\$84,000	\$104,000	\$123,000	\$136,000	\$151,000
Percent Change	-15%	-31%	17%	28%	25%	18%	11%	11%
Source: HVS								

The HVI starts in the 2000, which was a peak year for values when a typical hotel in the U.S. was worth \$67,000 per room. The year 2001 marked the start of a recession and values dropped 24%. After two years with no growth, recovery commenced in 2004 with values increasing 27%. This growth continued until 2007 when we entered the most recent and deepest recession.

In 2007, values declined 4%, they lost another 15% in 2008 and the bottom hit in 2009 when values plummeted a record 31%. The turnaround began in 2010 when values rebounded 17%. We anticipate values will go up 28% by the end of the year and 25% next year with further gains out to at least 2015. From the peak in 2006, with values of \$99,000 per room, values dropped 44% to \$56,000 per room in 2009. We project values to recover to the peak levels by 2012.

When I gave my NYU presentation last June the future was not as rosy. I thought 2010 would be a flat year with no growth in values. The following table compares the value projections I made last June to what actually occurred and what we are projecting for the future.

VALUE TREND TYPICAL U.S. HOTEL / PROJECTION COMPARISON							
2010 Projections	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Value Per Room	\$56,000	\$56,000	\$67,000	\$83,000	\$103,000	\$119,000	\$130,000
Percent Change	-31%	0%	21%	23%	24%	15%	9%
2011 Projections	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Value Per Room	\$81,000	\$56,000	\$65,000	\$84,000	\$104,000	\$123,000	\$136,000
Percent Change	-31%	17%	28%	25%	18%	11%	11%
Source: HVS							

As you can see from the presentation this year, the recovery actually started in 2010 with values increasing 17%. This increase was a result of a spike in RevPAR that occurred late in the year that pleasantly surprised industry

### Summary

Steve Rushmore's July 2011 column in Lodging Hospitality magazine.

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experts. Because of the rally, the projected growth in values is essentially a year ahead of what we expected this time last year. Looking further into the future, I now project values to reach \$151,000 per room by 2015, which is about 16% higher than last year's projection of \$130,000.

### Hotel Transactions

HVS tracks all hotel sales around the world.

This table shows the major U.S. sales, which we define as single asset transactions of more than \$10 million. The peak in the number of major sales occurred in 2005 with 279 deals. From there, the volume declined each year reaching a bottom of 47 in 2009, which was the lowest number in memory. In 2010 the market rebounded somewhat with 134 major sales. While year to date 2011 numbers show we are ahead of last year by 14 transactions, the table shows transactions this year have involved larger and more expensive properties.

### Hotel Capitalization Rates

Hotel capitalization rates and other rates of return have fallen to one of the lowest points in memory. For luxury hotels, the rates for trailing 12 months of net operating income range from 3% to 5%. Rates based on Projected Year One NOI are 5% to 7%. Equity yields (10-Year Equity IRR) are 12% to 15%.

Terminal Cap Rates used to calculate the sale at the end of the 10-year holding period are 6.5% to 8%. Discount rates (Unleveraged 10-Year IRR) are 9% to 10.5%. The rates for the Upper Upscale and Upscale/Midscale segments are typically 100 to 250 basis points higher than those used for luxury hotels.

These rates are the lowest we have seen in a long time and are due to low mortgage interest rates, the large amount of equity capital chasing very few acquisition opportunities and the fact that there is huge upside potential in future NOI.

### Final Takeaways

At the end of my NYU presentation, I always include my observations and recommendations:

- Hotel demand continues to grow
- Construction financing is still scarce
- Limited growth of new supply
- Extended period of increasing hotel values
- Don't be afraid of low cap rates
- If you missed the bottom, there is still plenty of upside available
- Now is the time to buy
- Don't sell until 2012-2013

Stephen Rushmore is president and founder of HVS, a global hospitality consulting organization with offices around the world. Steve has provided consultation services for more than 12,000 hotels throughout the world during his 35-year career and specializes in complex issues involving hotel feasibility, valuations and financing. He can be reached at [email protected] or 516 248-8828 ext. 204. For a complete copy of my NYU presentation, send me an email.

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Year	Number of Hotels	Number of Rooms	Average Price Per Room
1998	241	78,865	\$136,000
1999	125	35,901	\$139,000
2000	138	37,443	\$117,000
2001	117	29,668	\$153,000
2003	105	31,626	\$111,000
2003	135	35,489	\$136,000
2004	191	61,324	\$140,000
2005	279	83,354	\$158,000
2006	265	80,523	\$203,000
2007	256	64,872	\$191,000
2008	121	24,228	\$175,000
2009	47	13,882	\$162,000
2010	134	33,395	\$191,000
2011 YTD	40	7,579	\$167,000
2012 YTD	54	15,760	\$236,000

Source: HVS

## About **Steve Rushmore**



Steve Rushmore is the founder of HVS, a global hospitality consulting organization with more than 50 offices around the globe. He is focused on future office expansion and new product development outside the United States. Steve has provided consultation services for more than 15,000 hotels throughout the world during his 40-year career. For more information contact Steve at [\[email protected\]](#)